Maximal and minimal dimension, minimal bases and the intersection number of finite groups.

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In this talk I will present the content of three recent papers [1, 2, 3]. Let G be a finite group and recall that the Frattini subgroup $\Phi(G)$ is the intersection of all the maximal subgroups of G. A family of maximal subgroups of G is called irredundant if its intersection is not equal to the intersection of any proper subfamily of G. The "maximal dimension" of G, denoted Maxdim(G), denotes the maximal size of an irredundant family of maximal subgroups of G. This was introduced by Ravi Fernando in 2015.

We study three interesting related invariants of G.

- 1. The minimal dimension, Mindim(G). This is the minimal size of a maximal irredundant family of maximal subgroups of G.
- 2. The intersection number, $\alpha(G)$. This is the smallest number m such that $\Phi(G)$ equals the intersection of m maximal subgroups of G.
- 3. The base number, $\beta(G)$. This is the minimal number of conjugate maximal subgroups of G whose intersection is $\Phi(G)$ if such number exists, otherwise we set $\beta(G) = \infty$.

These invariants satisfy the inequalities

 $Mindim(G) \le \alpha(G) \le \beta(G).$

We computed the minimal dimension of alternating groups and we proved that $\alpha(G) \leq 4$ and $\beta(G) \leq 4$ for every almost simple group G, which is best possible. Along the way, we studied bases for the primitive action of the symmetric group S_{ab} on the set of partitions of $\{1, \ldots, ab\}$ into a parts of size b, determining the exact base size for $a \geq b$. This extends earlier work of Benbenishty, Cohen and Niemeyer.

References

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