

A partial linearization theorem for three dimensional vector fields and applications

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Abstract: We consider a C^2 vector field X in \mathbb{R}^3 with a critical point at the origin, 0 , and real eigenvalues $a < b < 0 < c$ of DX at 0 .

We obtain many locally invariant surfaces tangent at 0 to the sum of the eigenspaces of b and c . When these surfaces are C^2 , (for instance when $a < 2b$), a well known theorem of Hartman applies to give C^1 linearizations of X on them. In the general case, such invariant surfaces are only $C^{(1+\alpha)}$ for some positive α . Even in this case, we obtain C^1 linearizations. We then apply this to Poincare maps arising in the Lorenz equations.