## Exercise 1.

Let $K$ be a field and $L$ the splitting field of a cubic polynomial $f$ over $K$. Assume that $\zeta_{3} \in L$ and that $L / K$ is separable. Show that there is a subfield $E$ of $L$ such that $K \subset E \subset L$ is a tower of elementary radical extensions (with possibly $L=E$ or $E=K$ ). In which situations are $E / K$ and $L / E$ cyclotomic, Kummer and Artin-Schreier? What are $E$ and $L$ if $K=\mathbb{Q}$ and $f=T^{3}-b \in \mathbb{Q}[T]$ ?

## Exercise 2.

Let $K$ be a field and $L$ the splitting field of a polynomial $f$ over $K$ of degree 4 or less. Show that $L / K$ is solvable if it is separable.

## Exercise 3.

Let $L / \mathbb{Q}$ be a cubic solvable extension, i.e. $[L: \mathbb{Q}]=3$. Show that $L / \mathbb{Q}$ is not radical. Show that such an extension exists.

Hint: Show that if $L / \mathbb{Q}$ was radical, it must contain $\zeta_{3}$. Lead this to a contradiction.

## Exercise 4.

Let $p$ be a prime number and $f$ an irreducible polynomial of degree $p$ over $\mathbb{Q}$ that has exactly 2 complex roots. Let $L$ be the splitting field of $f$ over $\mathbb{Q}$. Show that $\operatorname{Gal}(L / \mathbb{Q}) \simeq S_{p}$.

## *Exercise 5.

Find a finite Galois extension $L / \mathbb{Q}$ with Galois group $A_{5}$, a primitive element $a \in L$ and its minimal polynomial $f$ over $\mathbb{Q}$.

