## Exercise 1.

Let $G$ be a group acting on a set $X$ and $\mathbb{C}^{X}$ the corresponding permutation representation. Show that the contragredient representation of $\mathbb{C}^{X}$ is isomorphic to $\mathbb{C}^{X}$.

## Exercise 2.

Let $V_{1}, \ldots, V_{5}$ be pairwise non-isomorphic irreducible complex representations of $S_{4}$. Calculate the decomposition of $V_{i} \otimes V_{j}$ into irreducible components for all $i, j \in\{1, \ldots, 5\}$.

Bonus: Find an explicit description $K_{0}\left(S_{4}\right)=\mathbb{Z}\left[T_{1}, \ldots, T_{r}\right] /\left(f_{1}, \ldots, f_{s}\right)$ of the Grothendieck group of $S_{4}$ (as a ring!) in terms of generators $T_{1}, \ldots, T_{r}$ and relations $f_{1}, \ldots, f_{s}$; cf. the bonus exercises from lists 12 and 13.

## Exercise 3.

Let $G$ be a finite group.

1. Let $\chi$ and $\chi^{\prime}$ be simple characters and $\chi^{\prime}(e)=1$. Show that $\chi \cdot \chi^{\prime}$ is simple.
2. Define $\chi^{*}(g)=\overline{\chi(g)}$. Show that $\chi^{*}$ is a character with $\left(\chi^{*}\right)^{*}=\chi$. Show that $\chi^{*}$ is simple if and only if $\chi$ is simple.
3. Let $\sigma: G \rightarrow G$ be a group automorphism and $\chi$ a character. Define $\chi^{\sigma}(g)=$ $\chi(\sigma(g))$. Show that $\chi^{\sigma}$ is a character, and that $\chi^{\sigma}$ is simple if and only if $\chi$ is simple.
4. Conclude from the previous parts of this exercise that if for a given dimension $d$, there is a unique simple character $\chi$ with $\chi(e)=d$, then
a) $\chi(g)=0$ if there is a simple character $\chi^{\prime}$ with $\chi^{\prime}(e)=1$ and $\chi^{\prime}(g) \neq 1$;
b) $\chi(g) \in \mathbb{R}$ for all $g \in G$;
c) $\chi(\sigma(g))=\chi(g)$ for all automorphisms $\sigma$ of $G$.

## Exercise 4.

Let $G=\left\{\left.\left(\begin{array}{cc}a & b \\ 0 & d\end{array}\right) \in \mathrm{GL}_{2}\left(\mathbb{F}_{3}\right) \right\rvert\, a, b, d \in \mathbb{F}_{3}\right\}$ be the subgroup of upper triangular matrices.

1. Determine all conjugacy classes of $G$.
2. Show that $N=\left\{\left.\left(\begin{array}{cc}1 & b \\ 0 & b\end{array}\right) \right\rvert\, b \in \mathbb{F}_{3}\right\}$ is a normal subgroup of $G$ and that $G^{\text {ab }}=G / N$.
3. Determine all one dimensional characters of $G$.
4. Let $X$ be the conjugacy class of $\left(\begin{array}{cc}1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1\end{array}\right)$. Show that $G$ acts by conjugation on $X$, which defines a permutation representation $\mathbb{C}^{X}$. Show that decomposes into the direct sum of the one dimensional trivial representation and an irreducible 2-dimensional representation.
5. Complete the character table of $G$.

## Exercise 5 (Bonus).

Show that the elements $e,(12)(34),(123),(12345)$ and (12354) form a complete set of representatives for the conjugacy classes of $A_{5}$ and show that the character table of $A_{5}$ is

|  | $e$ | $(12)(34)$ | $(123)$ | $(12345)$ | $(12354)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\chi_{1}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| $\chi_{2}$ | 3 | -1 | 0 | $(1+\sqrt{5}) / 2$ | $(1-\sqrt{5}) / 2$ |
| $\chi_{3}$ | 3 | -1 | 0 | $(1-\sqrt{5}) / 2$ | $(1+\sqrt{5}) / 2$ |
| $\chi_{4}$ | 4 | 0 | 1 | -1 | -1 |
| $\chi_{5}$ | 5 | 1 | -1 | 0 | 0 |

This can be done along the following steps:

1. Calculate the size of each conjugacy class.
2. The trivial character $\chi_{1}$ comes for free.
3. Calculate the character $\chi$ of the permutation representation of $A_{5}$ on 5 elements. Show that $\left\langle\chi, \chi_{1}\right\rangle=1$ and that $\chi_{4}:=\chi-\chi_{1}$ is a simple character.
4. Let $d_{i}=\chi_{i}(e)$. Determine the only possibility for the values of $d_{2}, d_{3}$ and $d_{5}$ such that $60=\sum_{i=1}^{5} d_{i}^{2}$.
5. Since (12)(34) has order 2, the only possible eigenvalues in each representation are $\pm 1$. Conclude that $\chi_{i}(e)$ are odd integers for $i=2,3,5$ and that $\left|\chi_{i}(e)\right| \leq 3$ for $i=2,3$ and $\left|\chi_{5}(e)\right| \leq 5$. Use the orthogonality relations for the first two columns of the character table to determine the only possible values of $\chi_{i}((12)(34))$ for $i=2,3,5$.
6. Show that the conjugation with an element of $S_{5}$ defines an automorphism of $A_{5}$. Conclude that $\sigma(12345)=(12354)$ for some automorphism $\sigma$ of $A_{5}$. Use Exercise 2 to show that $\chi_{5}(12345)=\chi_{5}(12354)$. Use the row orthogonality relations to determine the only possible values of $\chi_{5}$.
7. Use the column orthogonality relations to find the only possible values of $\chi_{i}((123))$ for $i=2,3$.
8. Use the row orthogonality relations to compute the missing values of $\chi_{2}$ and $\chi_{3}$.

Hint: A solution can be found at https://groupprops.subwiki.org/wiki/Determination_ of_character_table_of_alternating_group:A5.

