### Exercise 1.

Show that an element  $a \in \overline{\mathbb{Q}}$  is an algebraic integer if and only if the subring  $\mathbb{Z}[a]$  of  $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$  is finitely generated as a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module. Show that in this case,  $\mathbb{Z}[a]$  is a free  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module.

## Exercise 2.

Describe and prove the universal property for  $\operatorname{Ind}_{H}^{G}$ .

## Exercise 3.

Calculate for the following finite groups H < G and for every simple character  $\chi$  of H the decomposition of  $\operatorname{Ind}_{H}^{G} \chi$  into simple characters of G, using the character tables of both H and G.

- 1.  $H = A_3$  and  $G = S_3$ .
- 2. H = V (Klein 4-group) and  $G = S_4$ .
- 3.  $H = A_4$  and  $G = S_4$ .

Hint: Use Frobenius reciprocity to facilitate the calculations.

**Remark:** Note that the multiplicities occuring in these decompositions can be organized in a table (the *induction-restriction table for H and G*) as follows:

	$\psi_1$		$\psi_r$
$\chi_1$	$\langle \operatorname{Ind} \chi_1, \psi_1 \rangle_G$		$\langle \operatorname{Ind} \chi_1, \psi_r \rangle_G$
:	•	·	•
$\chi_s$	$\langle \operatorname{Ind} \chi_s, \psi_1 \rangle_G$		$\langle \operatorname{Ind} \chi_s, \psi_r \rangle_G$

### Exercise 4.

Let G be a finite group,  $g \in c$  and  $C_G(g) = \{h \in G | gh = hg\}$  the centralizer of g in G. Let c be the conjugacy class of g. Show that  $\#c = \frac{\#G}{\#C_G(g)}$  and conclude that, in particular, #c is a divisor of #G.

#### Exercise 5.

Let G be a non-abelian group of order 55.

- 1. Show that G is solvable. More precisely, show that G has a normal subgroup N of order 11. Conclude that  $G^{ab} = G/N$ .
- 2. Show that G has precisely 7 simple characters and determine their dimensions.
- 3. Show that G has four conjugacy classes with 11 elements, two conjugacy classes with 5 elements and one conjugacy class with 1 element.
- 4. Determine the character table of G.

# Exercise 6.

Let  $G = \{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in \operatorname{GL}(\mathbb{F}_7) | a = c^2 \text{ for some } c \in \mathbb{F}_7^{\times} \}.$ 

- 1. Show that G is a subgroup of  $GL(\mathbb{F}_7)$  of order 21.
- 2. Show that  $N = \{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & b \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\}$  is a normal subgroup of G and that  $G^{ab} = G/N$ .
- 3. Show that G has precisely 5 simple characters, three of dimension 1 and two of dimension 3.
- 4. Determine the conjugacy classes  $c_1, \ldots, c_5$  of G and their cardinalities.
- 5. Determine the character table of G.
- 6. Let  $G' = \{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in \operatorname{GL}(\mathbb{F}_7) \mid a \in \mathbb{F}_7^{\times} \}$ . Determine the conjugacy classes of G' and exhibit a set S of representatives for these conjugacy classes.
- 7. Use Theorem 3.3.1 of the lecture to compute  $\operatorname{Ind}_{G}^{G'}\chi(g')$  for every simple character  $\chi$  of G and every  $g' \in S$ .
- 8. Use Mackey's criterion to verify for which simple characters  $\chi$  of G the induced character  $\operatorname{Ind}_{G}^{G'} \chi$  is simple.

## Exercise 7.

Determine the character table for the dihedral groups  $D_5$  and  $D_6$ .

# Exercise 8.

Choose your five favourite character tables from https://people.maths.bris.ac.uk/ ~matyd/GroupNames/characters.html and verify that they are correct.