## Exercise 1.

Let $f: A \rightarrow B$ be a ring homomorphism.

1. Show that $f(0)=0, f(-a)=-f(a)$ and $f\left(a^{-1}\right)=f(a)^{-1}$.
2. Show that $f$ is injective if and only if $f^{-1}(0)=\{0\}$.
3. Show that the image of $f$ is a subring of $B$.
4. Show that $f$ is a ring isomorphism if and only if there is a ring homomorphism $g: B \rightarrow A$ such that $g \circ f$ is the identity of $A$ and $f \circ g$ is the identity of $B$.

## Exercise 2.

Show that every finite integral domain is a field.

Exercise 3 (Gaussian integers).
Let $i \in \mathbb{C}$ be a square root of -1 . Show that the subset $\mathbb{Z}[i]=\{a+b i \in \mathbb{C} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ is a subring of $\mathbb{C}$. Is $\mathbb{Z}[i]$ a domain? Is it a field? Show that $\mathbb{Q}[i]=\{a+b i \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ is a subring of $\mathbb{C}$ that is a field.
Remark: $\mathbb{Z}[i]$ is called the ring of Gaussian integers.

## Exercise 4.

1. Show that the set $C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R})$ of all smooth functions $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a ring w.r.t. to value-wise addition and multiplication, i.e. $(f+g)(x):=f(x)+g(x)$ and $(f \cdot g)(x):=$ $f(x) \cdot g(x)$. Which of the following maps are ring homorphisms?
a) $\mathrm{ev}_{a}: \mathbb{C}^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ with $\mathrm{ev}_{a}(f):=f(a)$ where $a \in \mathbb{R} ;$
b) $d: \mathbb{C}^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^{\infty}(\mathbb{R})$ with $d(f):=\frac{d f}{d t}$.
2. Show that the set $\mathbb{F}_{p}[T]=\left\{\sum_{i=0}^{n} a_{i} T^{i} \mid n \geq 0, a_{i} \in \mathbb{F}_{p}\right\}$ of polynomials with coefficients in $\mathbb{F}_{p}$ forms a ring w.r.t. to the addition $\sum a_{i} T^{i}+\sum b_{i} T^{i}=\sum\left(a_{i}+b_{i}\right) T^{i}$ and the multiplication

$$
\left(\sum_{i=0}^{n} a_{i} T^{i}\right) \cdot\left(\sum_{j=0}^{m} b_{j} T^{j}\right):=\sum_{k=0}^{n+m}\left(\sum_{i+j=k} a_{i} b_{j}\right) T^{k}
$$

Which of the following maps are ring homomorphisms?
a) $\mathrm{ev}_{c}: \mathbb{F}_{p}[T] \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_{p}$ with $\operatorname{ev}_{b}\left(\sum a_{i} T^{i}\right)=\sum a_{i} c^{i}$ where $c \in \mathbb{F}_{p} ;$
b) Frob: $\mathbb{F}_{p}[T] \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_{p}[T]$ with $\sum a_{i} T^{i} \rightarrow \sum a_{i}^{p} T^{i}$.

Exercise 5 (Bonus exercise ${ }^{1}$ ).
Show that the embedding $i: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}[T]$ of real numbers as constant polynomials is a ring homomorphism. Show that $\mathbb{R}[T]$ together with $i: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}[T]$ satisfies the following universal property. For every ring homomorphism $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow B$ and for every map $\tilde{f}:\{T\} \rightarrow B$, there is a unique ring homomorphism $F: \mathbb{R}[T] \rightarrow B$ such that $f=F \circ i$ and $F(T)=\tilde{f}(T)$.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Points for solutions of bonus exercises count as a bonus at the end of the course.

